



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL



TERM-1 EXAMINATION (2026-27)

SOCIAL SCIENCE

SET-2

Class: V

Date: 02/09/ 2026

Admission no:

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max Marks: 80

Roll no:

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D & E) with 27 questions in total.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Question numbers 1-11 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each.
4. Question numbers 12 to 16 are of 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words each.
5. Question numbers 17 and 22 are of 4 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.
6. Question number 23 is a long answer question of 5 marks.
7. Question number 24 to 27 are Case based, carrying 4 marks.

SECTION-A

Choose the correct option

1. A long period with little or no rainfall is called a _____. 1
a. Flood b. Drought c. Cyclone d. Tsunami
2. What is the movement of Earth on its axis called? 1
a. Revolution b. Rotation c. Orbit d. Equator
3. A strong storm with heavy rain and winds is called a: _____ 1
a. Earthquake b. Drought c. Cyclone d. Landslide
4. The domain of the earth includes oceans and rivers. 1
a. Lithosphere b. Atmosphere c. Biosphere d. hydrosphere
5. What do plants in the desert have to help them store water? 1
a. Leaves b. Spines c. Thick stem d. Flowers
6. The grassland is called _____ of the world. 1
a. Permafrost b. Equatorial c. The Breadbasket d. Snowfield
7. Who was the queen of Jhansi who fought bravely in the Revolt of 1857? 1
a. Rani Lakshmi Bai b. Razia Sultan c. Nur Jahan d. Mumtaz Mahal
8. State true or false. 0.5X 4=2
a. Domestic airports help connect cities within a country.
b. The layer of gases surrounding the Earth is called the Lithosphere.
c. The spinning of Earth on its axis is called rotation.
d. Smoke from factories causes air pollution.

9. Match the following:

0.5X4=2

A

- a. condensation
- b. Rotation
- c. Honking
- d. Ports

B

- i. Noise pollution
- ii. Ships coastal stop
- iii. Causes day and night
- iv. Forming clouds

10. Name the following

- a. A type of communication that helps share messages with many people at the same time. 1
- b. The overflowing of water onto normally dry land is called 1
- c. The permanently frozen soil found in the tundra region called 1
- d. The last Mughal Emperor who supported the Revolt of 1857 1
- e. The company ruled India before the Revolt 1

11. Look at the picture and answer the questions.



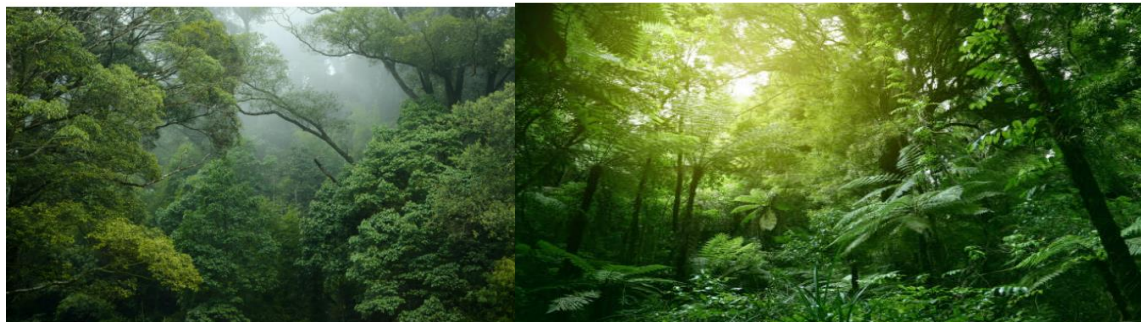
Fish cannot live in polluted water.

a.

- i) What does the picture show? 1

- ii) Which type of pollution is shown in the picture? 1

b.



- i) In which temperature zone is the place shown in the picture located? 1

- ii) Why do plants grow abundantly in this temperature zone? 1

SECTION-B

Answer the questions.

- 12. Write different types of temperature zones and its climate. 3
- 13. List any three causes of water pollution 3
- 14. What is a cyclone? Write any two safety measures to be followed during a cyclone. 3
- 15. Describe the life of people in the Tundra. 3
- 16. Why were the weavers not happy with the British? 3

OR

Why did the British make changes for forest communities, and what changes did they make?

SECTION-C

Long answer questions.

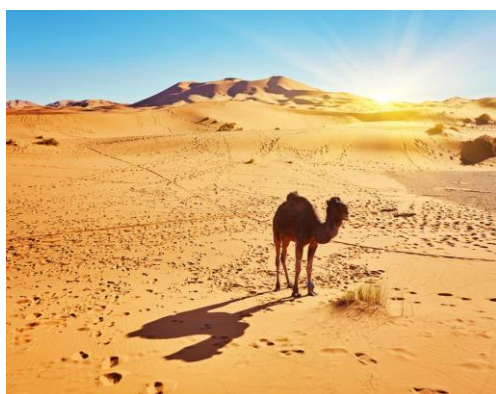
17. How is air transport important for us? Name the different types of air transport. 4

OR

Create flowchart to explain the different means of communication to show how they are grouped and examples of each.

18. Differentiate between Rotation and Revolution. 4

19. 4



1. In which temperature zone and region is the place shown in the picture located?

2. What kinds of plants grow here?

3. Why is it difficult for people to live in this temperature zone?

4. How do people adapt to the climate of this region?

OR



A hut made by Pygmies

1. Who are the people shown in the picture?

2. What is special about the house shown in the picture?

3. Why do Pygmies build such huts?

4. What are the main occupations of the Pygmies?

20. What are the problems faced by soldiers during British rule? 4

21. Draw a neat and labelled diagram of the Earth showing the three main temperature zones. Explain each temperature zone in brief. 4

22. List two safety measures people should follow during earthquakes and floods. 4

SECTION-D

23. With the help of the diagram, describe the water cycle of the Earth. 5

SECTION-E

Case Study:

24. Riya visited a national park during her vacation. She saw high mountains, a flowing river, birds flying in the sky, and many animals and plants living in the forest. Her teacher explained that all these things are part of different domains of the Earth that work together to support life.

Answer the questions:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Which domain do the mountains belong to? | 1 |
| 2. Which domain does the river belong to? | 1 |
| 3. Which domain consists of the air in which birds fly? | 1 |
| 4. Which domain includes plants and animals? | 1 |

25. A coastal town received a weather warning about strong winds and heavy rain. Soon, powerful winds uprooted trees, damaged houses, and disrupted electricity supply. People were moved to cyclone shelters for safety.

Based on Rohan's experience, answer the following questions:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Which natural disaster is described in the passage? | 1 |
| 2. Name two effects of this disaster. | 1 |
| 3. Why were people moved to cyclone shelters? | 1 |
| 4. Mention one safety measure people should follow during a cyclone. | 1 |

26. A group of students noticed that people in their town were throwing plastic bags and bottles on the roads and into a nearby lake. The water became dirty, and many fish died. To help the environment, the students organized a cleanliness drive and planted trees in their neighbourhood.

Answer the following questions:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. What were people throwing on the roads and into the lake? | 1 |
| 2. What happened to the lake because of the waste? | 1 |
| 3. Mention any two ways the students helped the environment. | 2 |

27. The British initially arrived in India in 1608 for trade. After winning the Battle of Plassey in 1757, they began to gain control over Indian freedom fighters. In 1858, after the Revolt of 1857, India came under the rule of the British Crown.

Answer the questions:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. In which year did the British first arrive in India, and why? | 1 |
| 2. Which battle marked the beginning of British control in India? | 1 |
| 3. What significant change took place in 1858 regarding British control in India? | 2 |

ALL THE BEST